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IN THE CLAIMS:

	- cormack	TT V AN	ENDED) In a service-provider network comprising a plurality of	
1 .	interconnected provider edge routers and transit routers, a router comprising circuitry that			
2	3 3			
3	for a revise not in the service-provider network packs			
4	A)	ets that include destination-address fields that specify final destinations		
5		that ale	o are not located in the service-provider network;	
6	D)	for each of a plurality of such received packets:		
7	B)		makes making a routing decision based not only on the contents of	
8		i)	that packet's destination-address field but also on the source from	
9			which it receives that packet;	
10	1	ii)	inserts inserting into the packet an internal-routing field, deter-	
11		11)	mined at least in part in accordance with the source from which the	
12			edge router received the packet, that specifies a route to an inter-	
13			face on another of the provider edge routers; and	
14	ı	iii)	forwards-forwarding the resultant packet to another router in the	
15	1	ш	service-provider network in accordance with the routing decision;	
16			and	
17	(C)	roceiv	esreceiving, from other routers in the service- provider network,	
18	"	nacke	ts that include internal-routing fields and destination-address fields	
19		and:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
20	1	i)	forwards forwarding some such packets without their internal-	
21		-,	routing fields to routers, not located in the service-provider net-	
22			work, that it selects in accordance with a routing decision based on	
23			the contents of the packets' internal-routing fields; and	
	ţ	ii)	for other such packets, makes making routing decisions based on	
25	ļ	- ,	the contents of those packets' internal-routing fields without refer-	
26			ence to those of their destination-address fields, and, in accordance	
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with those routing decisions, forwards those packets to other

routers in the service-provider network. 29 2. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A router The router method as defined in claim 1 thatfurther comprising the steps of: 2 makes making routing decisions based on the contents of reachability mes-A) 3 sages that it receives; 4 is connected to determining that at least first and second pluralities of cus-B) 5 tomer routers, with which it respectively associates are associated with the 6 first and second VPN IDs: 7 when it receives receiving a reachability message concerning a given net-C) 8 work-address range from a customer router with which it associates a Q given VPN ID, sends and in response sending a reachability message con-10 cerning the combination of that network-address range and the given VPN 11 ID to each router in the service-provider network that is connected to a 12 customer router associates with the same VPN ID; and 13 when it receives receiving a reachability message concerning the combina-D) 14 tion of a network-address range and a given VPN ID associated with a 15 customer router to which it is connected, it sends and sending that cus-16 tomer router a reachability message concerning that network-address 17

- 3. (CURRENTLY AMDNED) A router The router method as defined in claim 2 that 1 uses an external gateway protocol to send other routers in the service-provider network 2 the reachability message concerning the combination of network-address range and the 3 given VPN ID.
- 4. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A-router The router method as defined in claim 3 1 wherein the external gateway protocol that the router uses to send other routers in the 2

range.

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- service-provider network the reachability message concerning the combination of net-3
- work-address range and the given VPN ID is the Border Gateway Protocol.
- 5. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A router The router method as defined in claim 2 1 wherein: 2
- the internal-routing field includes both an egress-router field and an A) 4 egress-channel field:
 - the router bases its routing decisions concerning the packets that it for-B) wards without reference to their destination-address fields on the internalrouting fields' egress-router fields without reference to their egresschannel fields; and
- the router bases its selections of the routers not located in the service-C) provider network to which it forwards packets containing internal-routing 10 fields on the internal-routing fields' egress-channel fields. 11
- 6. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A router The router method as defined in claim 5 that 1 maintains an information base that associates internal-routing-field contents with routers 2 to which it is connected in the service-provider network and forwards packets containing 3
- internal-routing fields to the routers with which the information base associates the con-
- tents of those internal-routing fields.
- 7. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A router The router method as defined in claim 6 wherein:
- the information base associates at least certain internal-routing-field con-A) 3 tents with replacement internal-routing-field contents, and
- the router replaces the certain internal-routing-field contents with the re-B) placement internal-routing-field contents in packets that it forwards.

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- 8. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A router The router method as defined in claim 7 that 1 replaces internal-routing-field contents replaces the contents of some packets' egressrouter fields without replacing the contents of their egress-channel fields 3 9. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A method for use in a router, said method comprising 1 the steps of: 2 receiving a data packet having a destination address; determining if said data packet is received from a router in a Virtual Private Network (VPN) or a provider network; 5 performing, in response to a data packet received from a VPN router: 6 i. adding a first forwarding tag based on an egress router associated with 7 said destination address and a second tag that identifies the channel associated with the destination address, and forwarding said data packet to another provider router; and performing, in response to a data packet having a forwarding tag received from a 10 provider network router: 11 ii. if said data packet is next being forwarded to another provider router, 12 forwarding said data packet according to said first tag to said another provider router; and 13 iii. if said data packet is next being forwarded to said destination VPN, 14 removing said first forwarding tag from said data packet, and forwarding said packet to 15 the destination address, identified in the second tag. 16 10. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method as in claim 9 further comprising the 1 steps of:

 - receiving reachability messages; and 3
 - adding said tag in accordance with the contents of said reachability message.
 - 11. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method as in claim 9 further comprising the step of: 2
 - sending to other routers in said provider network a reachability message. 3

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- 1 12. (PREVIUOSLY PRESENTED) The method as in claim 11 further comprising the
- 2 step of:
- using an external gateway protocol for said reachability message.
- 1 13. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method as in claim 12 further comprising the
- 2 step of:
- using the Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) for said external gateway protocol.
- 1 14. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method as in claim 9 further comprising: using
- said router as a transit router.
- 1 15. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method as in claim 9 further comprising: using
- 2 said router as a provider edge router.
- 1 16. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A method for use in a router, said method compris-
- 2 ing the steps of:
- receiving a data packet from a router;
- 4 reading a type field from a header of said packet;
- if the type field indicates that the packet has a standard router to router type, then
- adding a first tag and transmitting the tagged packet to a provider router;
- if the packet has a first and a second tag, forwarding the packet to a provider
- 8 router; wherein the first tag identifies an egress router and the second tag identifies a
- 9 channel to a customer router associated with a destination address, and
- if the packet has only the second tag, forwarding the packet to the customer
- 11 router.
- 1 17. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A router, comprising:
- an ingress port to receive a data packet originating in a Virtual Private Network
- 3 (VPN), said packet having a destination address;
- eircuitry to add means for attaching first and a second forwarding tags to said data
- packet, said first tag based on an egress router and the second tag identifying a channel

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- to a customer router in a destination VPN, said eircuitry router responding to data packets received directly from a VPN edge router;
- eircuitry to removemeans for removing a forwarding tag from said data packet;

 said circuitry and responding to data packets next being forwarded to a VPN edge router;

 and
 - an egress port to forward said data packet according to said tag.
- 18. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The router as in claim 17 further comprising:
- an ingress port to receive reachability messages, wherein said forwarding tag is labeled in accordance with said reachability message.
- 1 19. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The router as in claim 17 further comprising: said 2 router is in a provider network.
- 2 20. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The router as in claim 19 further comprising: an egress port to send to other routers in said provider network a reachability mes-
- 21. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The router as in claim 20 further comprising: said reachability message uses an external gateway protocol.
- 22. (PREVIOUSLY PRESETNED) The router as in claim 21 further comprising: said external gateway protocol is the Border Gateway Protocol (BGP).
- 23. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The router as in claim 17 further comprising: said
- 2 router is a transit router.
- 1 24. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The router as in claim 17 further comprising: said
- 2 router is a provider edge router.

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1	25. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A router, comprising:		
2	means for receiving a data packet having a destination address;		
3	means for determining if said data packet is received from a route: in a Virtual		
4	Private Network (VPN) or a provider network;		
5	means for performing, in response to a data packet received from a VPN router:		
6 '	i. adding first and second forwarding tags the first based on said destina-		
7	tion address and the second based on said VPN and forwarding said data packet to an-		
8	other provider router; and		
9	means for performing, in response to a data packet having a forwarding tag re-		
10	ceived from a provider network router:		
11	ii. if said data packet is next being forwarded to another provider router,		
12	forwarding said data packet according to said tags to said another provider router; and		
13	iii. if said data packet is next being forwarded to said VPN, removing said		
14	first forwarding tag from said data packet, and forwarding said packet to said VPN.		

- 26. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A computer readable media, comprising: said com-
- 2 puter readable media containing instructions for execution in a processor for the practice
- 3 of the method of claim 1 or claim 16.
- 27. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) Electromagnetic signals propagating on a computer
- 2 network, comprising: said electromagnetic signals carrying instructions for execution on
- a processor for the practice of the method of claim 1 or claim 16.